



# **About NordForsk**

- A platform for joint Nordic research and research infrastructure cooperation
- Established by the Nordic Council of Ministers in 2005 (consensus decision)
- Provides funding for common Nordic research and research infrastructure activities
- The aim is to identify and facilitate strategic priorities for Nordic research cooperation, and thereby create **Nordic added value**
- Works closely with Nordic Innovation and Nordic Energy Research



# Form of funding

- 1/3 funding from the Nordic Council of Ministers
- 2/3 funding from the national research funding agencies in the Nordic countries
  - NordForsk's board is composed of its main partners: the national research funding agencies in the Nordic countries, and higher education institutions.
- Calls for research cooperation based on common pot with a minimum of three Nordic countries participating



# Added Value by cooperation

#### Quality

- Bring excellent researchers and communities together
- Critical mass

#### **Impact**

- Providing Nordic policy-makers and users with evidence-based knowledge.
  Improving knowledge about results of Nordic research and research infrastructure cooperation on the science and society arenas
  Visibility of Nordic region and cooperation

#### **Cost-efficiency**

- Pool Nordic resources
- Avoid duplication in the Nordic countries
- Building long-term common capacity



# Requirements of Joint Initiatives

- Long-term commitment
- Smooth administrative organisation as a driver
- Financial contributions in a common pot
- Good governance structure
- Commitment to promote initiatives and results



# The Nordic Bioeconomy Programme 2017-2022

- Total budget MNOK 90
- Funds three new Nordic Centers of Excellence
- The Bioeconomy Programme will produce new knowledge on how to foster and advance the transition to a bioeconomy-based society in the Nordic countries by integrating research, innovation and entrepreneurship in the private and public sectors.
- The Programme is *cross-sectoral* and *interdisciplinary*, and it involves the *private* and public sector and other stakeholders.



## Call 2016-2017

- Stage 1: 30 preproposal, peer reviewed by an international panel
- Stage 2: 10 full applications by invitation
- Three Nordic Centers of Excellence funded
  - An Integrating Nexus of Land and Water Management for a Sustainable Nordic Bioeconomy (BIOWATER)
  - Towards Versatility of Aquatic Production Platforms: Unlocking the Value of Nordic Bioresources (NordAqua)
  - Nordic Centre for Sustainable and Resilient Aquatic Production (SUREAQUA)



### **BIOWATER**

An Integrating Nexus of Land and Water Management for a Sustainable Nordic Bioeconomy (BIOWATER)

Leader: Eva Skarbøvik, NIBIO

Co-leader: Jan Vermaat, Norwegian University of Life Sciences

https://biowater.info/



## **BIOWATER**

### **BIOWATER** consists of 8 Nordic research partners:

- NIBIO (coordinator, NO)
- Norwegian University of Life Sciences (co-coordinator, NO)
- Finnish Environment Institute (FI)
- University of Oulu (FI)
- Aarhus University (DK)
- Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences (SE)
- Norwegian Institute of Water Research (NO)
- Natural Resources Institute Finland (FI)

### In addition, there are 5 non-Nordic external collaborating research institutions:

- JRC-Ispra (Italy)
- Ecologic (Germany)
- Teagasc (Ireland)
- Max Planck Inst for Plant Physiology and Molecular Biology (Germany)



James Hutton Institute (UK)

# **Objective**



to quantify future effects of land use change, climate change due to the green shift on:

- catchment-scale water, nutrient and carbon cycles
- the delivery of major ecosystem services

























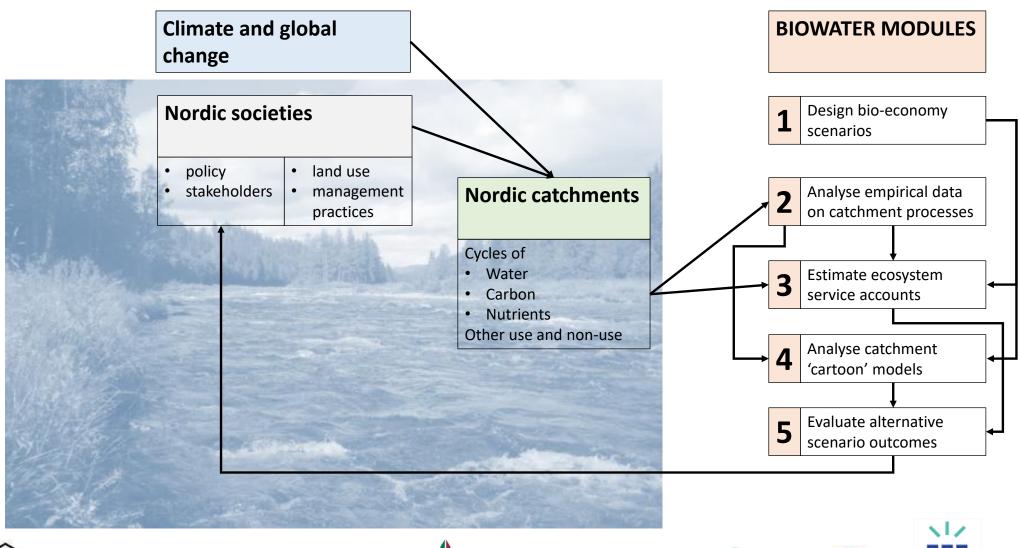






# Structure: 5 modules

















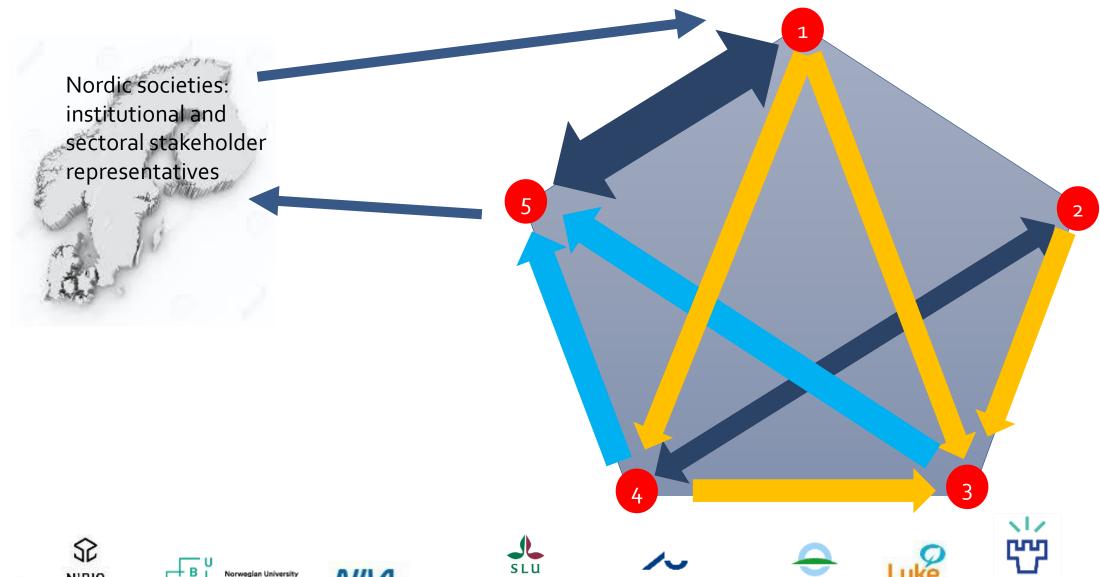






# Structure: 5 modules

























## **BIOWATER** plans for stakeholder involvement



- A major task of BIOWATER is to look at future possible land use patterns due to bioeconomy.
- More than 20 stakeholders to be involved in setting the initial 'conditions': Which scenarios to be modelled/assessed; and what would the outcome of these scenarios be, when we have modelled and assessed?

Description of cross-sectoral involvement (active involvement of the private innovation actors, including consumers and end-users);

BIOWATER will use a participatory approach and include stakeholders in research precisely, we will have targeted stakeholder workshops and have a commitment fr

- 2. Finnish Forest Centre (in charge of planning private forests resources). 3. Metsähallitus (in charge of planning state forest resources in Finland)
- 4. Masinotek Ltd. (Finnish company specialized in monitoring systems) Oulu Energy Its (Finland). Regional energy provider
- 6. Oulu Water Alliance Its (Finland). Drinking and wastewater company Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry (Finland),
- 8. Oulujoki amp; lijoki water authority (Finland).
- The Forestry Research Institute of Sweden (Skogforsk). Central research body
- 10. The Swedish Forest Agency (Skogsstyrelsen). National authority in charge of
- 11. The Federation of Swedish Farmers (Lantbrukarnas Riksförbund, LRF) is an i 12. The Swedish Board of Agriculture (Jordbruksverket) is the governments exper
- 13. The North Baltic Water District Authority (Norra Östersjöns Vattendistrikt) is or manage implementation of the EU Water Framework Directive. 14. WWF Sweden (Världsnaturfonden WWF) is an environmental NGO.
- 15. Borregaard A/S (Norway). Manufacturer and developer of products based on o
- 17. Glomma river basin district authority (Norway),
- 18. SEGES P/S. Company under the Danish Agriculture and Food Council being f
- 19. Danish Agency of Water and Nature Management (SVANA) under the Danish implementing the WFD and for the national monitoring of Water and Environment.























### Kyösti Lempa

Senior adviser

kyosti.lempa@nordforsk.org +4794886536 www.nordforsk.org

NordForsk Stensberggata 25 NO-0170 Oslo Norway



# Thanks.

